



Unaccompanied minor refugees The Stuttgart experience



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Figures & Facts

Germany: 64.000

Baden-Württemberg: 8250

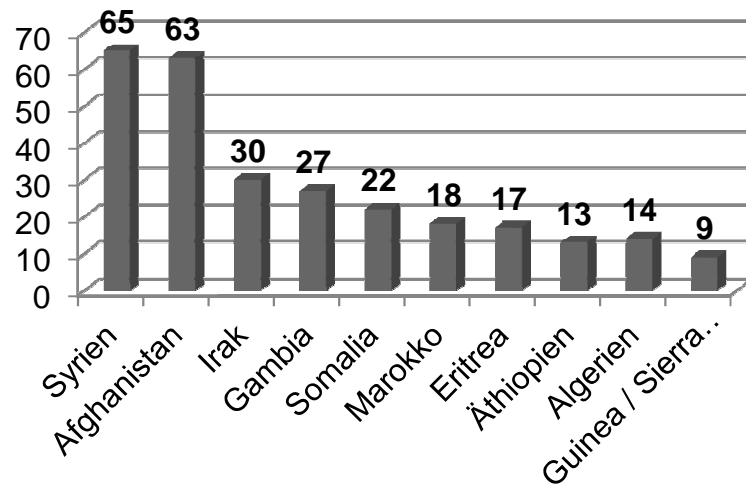
Stuttgart: 1100

Guidelines

- UN Convention on the Rights of the Child
- European Human Rights Convention
- EU Directives
- Reallocation in Germany
- Custody by Youth Welfare Office ≠ refugee facilities
- Treatment like German children and youth

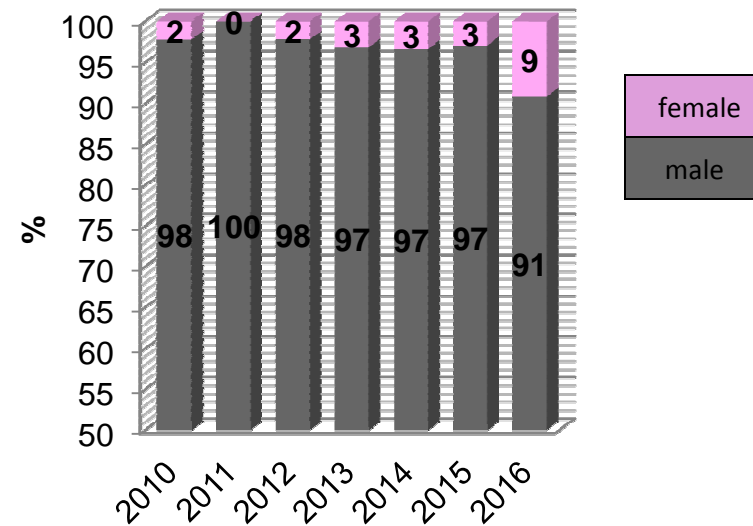


Top 10 Countries of origin 2016



UNAM admission numbers by sex

2010 – 10/2016





Arrival in Germany: Provisional care and clearing procedure

Arrival in Germany

- Provisional care by Youth Welfare Office

Clearing procedure

- Identification and criminal check
- Health check
- Assessment of age
- Care by responsible Youth Welfare Office
- Appointment of legal guardian

Accommodation/ Re(allocation)

- Clarify well-being of minor before allocation
- Clarify residence status
- Stay with relatives or foster families
- Suitable accommodation or Wohngruppe (Housing group)
- Application for asylum





Tasks and integration measures of Youth Protection and Social Counseling Service

Youth protection

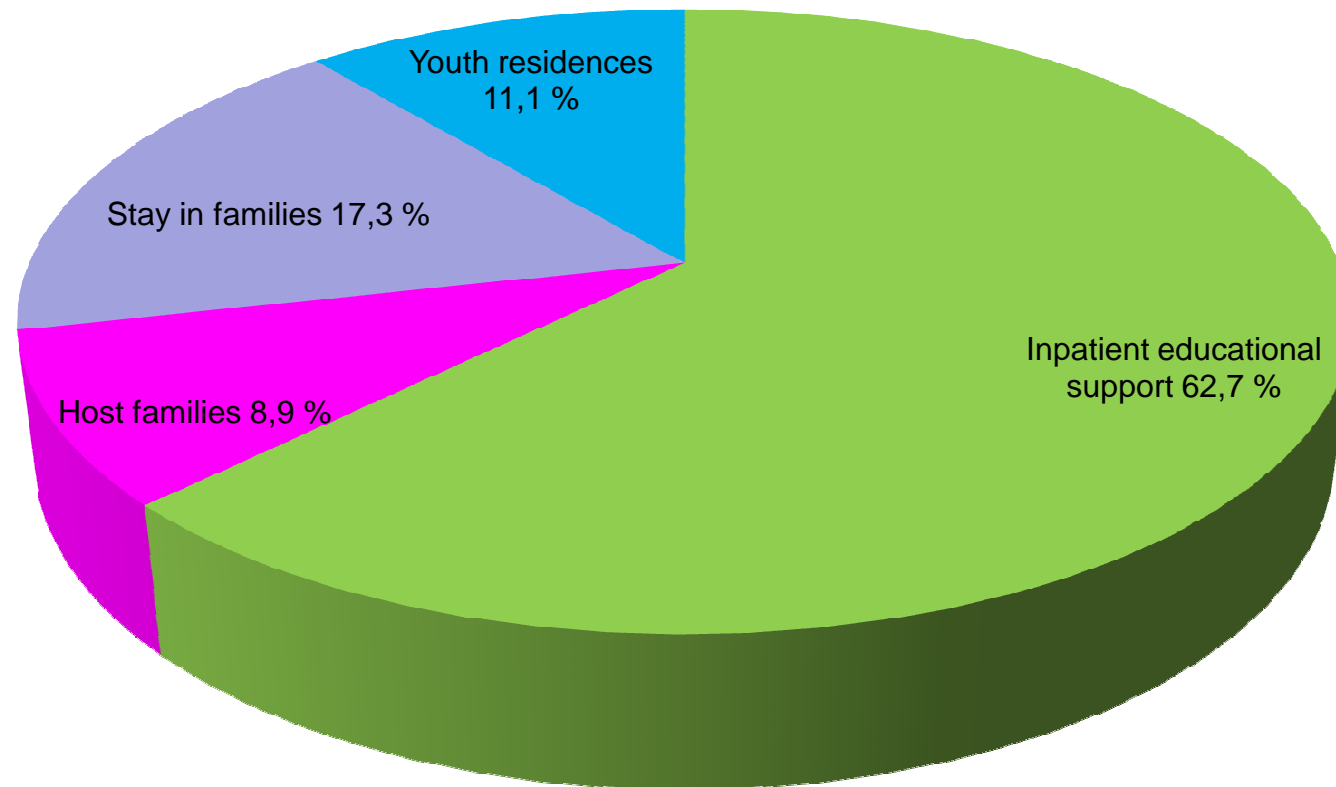
- Decent accomodation
- Full care (Medical care, food, clothing, hygiene, pocket money)
- Support by day-care professionals
- Educational assistance with regard to language, school and training, emergency support, leisure activities and social integration (Matching with mentors, volunteers, clubs etc.)
- Connect with and involve families and friends who reside outside the city or rural district (Landkreis)
- Communicate life skills (washing, cooking, cleaning, managing finances)

Social counseling service UNAM

- Assessment of age
- Clearing- und information on reallocation
- Appointment and close consultation with legal guardian
- Initiate family reunion
- Assessment of educational assistance
- Provide Economical aid



Transition to educational support





Issues, challenges and barriers

- Family reunion within Germany
- Reimbursement of costs by regional authorities
- No distribution
- Accommodation in sports halls
- Need for educational assistance
- Need for psychological/therapeutic measures
- Child protection





Good Practices

Project OMID (hope)

- Psycho-social offers to support traumatised refugees especially minor refugees with migration/flight experiences

House of Hopes Stuttgart

- Point of contact/youth club for UNAMs from assisted living units
- Get-together after school: connect with other students and youngsters, joint lunch, homework supervision, sports, culture etc.
- Promote arriving and living in their new home/house of hopes Stuttgart

Bereich Migration
und Integration

OMID – Hoffnung

Frühe Hilfen für traumatisierte Flüchtlinge



IHRE
SPENDE
HILFT!

Not sehen und handeln.
Caritas



STUTTGART



Thank you very much.

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